

Introduction to International and European legislation on Management and Transboundary Movements of Waste

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Content

Overall legislative framework on waste management

- Waste definition
- Hazardous waste
- By products and end of waste
- Treatment operations

Overview of the Waste Shipment Regulation

- Definitions
- Prior informed consent procedure
- Art 18 information
- Export of waste
- Illegal shipments



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What do you need to know as an inspector?

What provisions do apply?

- What is waste?
- What is hazardous waste?
- How can it be treated?
- What are the requirements for shipping waste?
- Who can be involved and should be monitored?



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Basel Convention

“Seeks to protect human health and the environment from harm which may be caused by generation and management of hazardous wastes”

Adopted on 22 March 1989, entered into force on 5 May 1992. 181 Parties (as at June 2014)

- 1.The minimization of the generation of hazardous and other wastes
- 2.The requirement of environmentally sound management (ESM) of hazardous wastes and other wastes
- 3.The regulation of the transboundary movement of hazardous wastes and other wastes through the prior informed consent procedure (PIC).



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Prior informed consent (Article 6)

This means that imports, transits and exports of wastes that
fall under the Basel Convention are
only allowed when

***all involved Parties have given their consent
before the movement is initiated.***



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Waste classification according the Basel Convention

Annex I: Categories of wastes to be controlled (Y-codes)

Annex II: Categories of wastes requiring special consideration (Y-codes)

Annex III: List of hazardous characteristics (H-codes)

Annex VIII – List A

Wastes characterized by the BC as hazardous waste (A-codes)

Annex IX – List B

Wastes characterized by the BC as non-hazardous waste (B-codes)



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Illegal Traffic According to the Basel Convention (Article 9)

1. For the purpose of this Convention, any transboundary movement of hazardous wastes or other wastes:

(a) without notification pursuant to the provisions of this Convention to all States concerned; or

(b) without the consent pursuant to the provisions of this Convention of a State concerned; or

(c) with consent obtained from States concerned through falsification, misrepresentation or fraud; or

(d) that does not conform in a material way with the documents; or that results in deliberate disposal (e.g. dumping) of hazardous wastes or other wastes in contravention of this Convention and of general principles of international law,

shall be deemed to be illegal traffic.



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European Waste Legislative Framework

Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (WFD)

Provides for a general framework of waste management requirements and sets the basic waste management definitions for the EU.

Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes (Waste list)

Establishes the classification system for wastes, including a distinction between hazardous and non-hazardous wastes.

Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 on shipments of waste (WSR)

This Regulation specifies under which conditions waste can be shipped between countries (implements also the Basel Convention and OECD Decision).

Industrial Emissions Directive 2010/75/EU



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What is waste?



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Definitions WFD

‘waste’ means
any substance or object which the holder discards or
intends or
is required to discard

‘hazardous waste’ means
waste which displays one or more of the hazardous properties listed in
Annex III;

- *Waste oils and bio-waste*
- *Holder, producer, dealer, broker, etc.*
- *Prevention, re-use, recovery, recycling, regeneration and disposal*



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Exclusions

- Gaseous effluents emitted into the atmosphere;
- Land
- Uncontaminated soil
- Radioactive waste;
- Decommissioned explosives
- Faecal matter
- Waste water,
- Animal by-products, except those which destined for incineration, landfilling or use in a biogas or in composting plant
- Carcasses of animals that have died other than by being slaughtered,

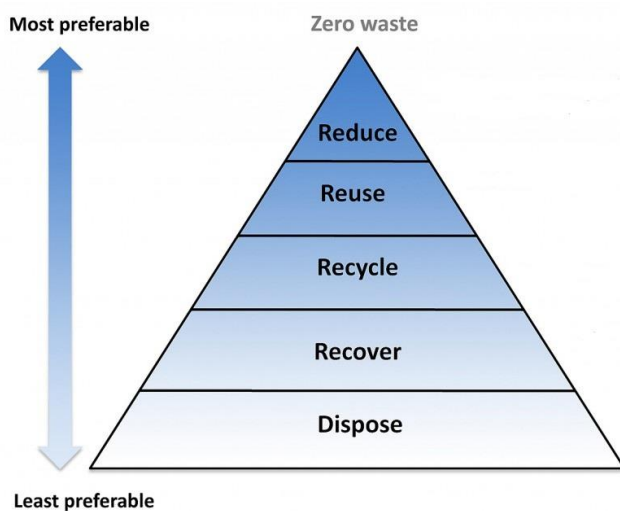


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Waste hierarchy/ pyramid



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By- products

A substance or object, resulting from a production process, the primary aim of which is not the production of that item, may be regarded as not being waste but as being a by-product only if the following conditions are met:

- (a) further use of the substance or object is certain;
- (b) the substance or object can be used directly without any further processing other than normal industrial practice;
- (c) the substance or object is produced as an integral part of a production process; and
- (d) further use is lawful, i.e. the substance or object fulfils all relevant product, environmental and health protection requirements for the specific use and will not lead to overall adverse environmental or human health impacts.



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End of waste

Certain specified waste shall cease to be waste when it has undergone a recovery, including recycling, operation and complies with specific criteria to be developed in accordance with the following conditions:

- (a) the substance or object is commonly used for specific purposes;
- (b) a market or demand exists for such a substance or object;
- (c) the substance or object fulfils the technical requirements for the specific purposes and meets the existing legislation and standards applicable to products; and
- (d) the use of the substance or object will not lead to overall adverse environmental or human health impacts.

The criteria shall include limit values for pollutants where necessary and shall take into account any possible adverse environmental effects of the substance or object.



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Other topics in the Waste Framework Directive

- Producer responsibility
- Waste management
- Control hazardous waste
- ban on the mixing of hazardous waste
- Waste oil and bio waste
- Permits and registration



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Annex I

DISPOSAL OPERATIONS

- D 1 Deposit into or on to land (e.g. landfill, etc.)
- D 2 Land treatment (e.g. biodegradation of liquid or sludgy discards in soils, etc.)
- D 3 Deep injection (e.g. injection of pumpable discards into wells, salt domes or naturally occurring repositories, etc.)
- D 4 Surface impoundment (e.g. placement of liquid or sludgy discards into pits, ponds or lagoons, etc.)
- D 5 Specially engineered landfill (e.g. placement into lined discrete cells which are capped and isolated from one another and the environment, etc.)
- D 6 Release into a water body except seas/oceans
- D 7 Release to seas/oceans including sea-bed insertion
- D 8 Biological treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 12
- D 9 Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 12 (e.g. evaporation, drying, calcination, etc.)
- D 10 Incineration on land
- D 11 Incineration at sea (*)
- D 12 Permanent storage (e.g. emplacement of containers in a mine, etc.)
- D 13 Blending or mixing prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 12
- D 14 Repackaging prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 13
- D 15 Storage pending any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 14 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection,



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Annex II

RECOVERY OPERATIONS

- R 1 Use principally as a fuel or other means to generate energy
- R 2 Solvent reclamation/regeneration
- R 3 Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents (including composting and other biological transformation processes)
- R 4 Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds
- R 5 Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials
- R 6 Regeneration of acids or bases
- R 7 Recovery of components used for pollution abatement
- R 8 Recovery of components from catalysts
- R 9 Oil re-refining or other reuses of oil
- R 10 Land treatment resulting in benefit to agriculture or ecological improvement
- R 11 Use of waste obtained from any of the operations numbered R 1 to R 10
- R 12 Exchange of waste for submission to any of the operations numbered R 1 to R 11
- R 13 Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R 1 to R 12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced)



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Recent changes

- Regulation 1357/2014 'New Annex III 2008/98'

- Commision Decision 2014/955 Changes 2000/532

- Into force since 1 June 2015



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Annex III

PROPERTIES OF WASTE WHICH RENDER IT HAZARDOUS (in the Annex of Decision 2014/955/EU)

The properties are for example:

'Explosive':

'Oxidizing':

'Flammable':

'Irritant':

'Harmful':

'Toxic':

'Carcinogenic':

'Corrosive':

'Infectious':

'Mutagenic':

Waste which releases toxic or very toxic gases in contact with water, air or an acid.

'Sensitizing':

'Ecotoxic':

Waste capable by any means, after disposal, of yielding another substance, e.g. a leachate, which possesses any of the characteristics listed above.

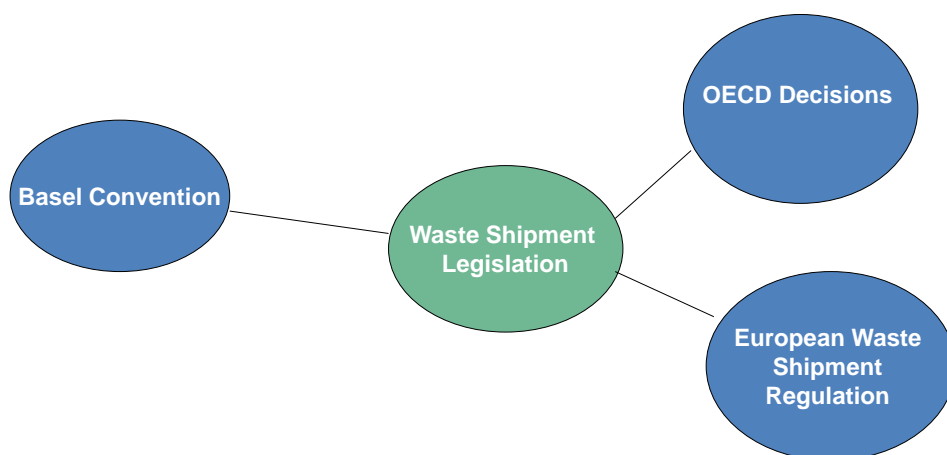


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International Waste Shipments Legislative Framework



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Application and Scope of the WSR (article 2)

The WSR sets procedures and control regimes for the shipment of waste, depending on **the origin, destination and route of the shipment, the type of waste** shipped and **the type of treatment** to be applied to the waste at its destination.



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Excluded from the WSR

Excluded from the WSR are **shipments of waste covered by other provisions**, such as radio active waste, animal by-products not intended for human consumption, waste generated at the normal operation of a ship or shipments within individual Member States.

Also waste imports into the Community of waste generated by **armed forces or relief organisations in situations of crisis, peacemaking or peacekeeping operations** where such waste is shipped, by the armed forces or relief organisations concerned or on their behalf, directly or indirectly to the country of destination are excluded from the scope.



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Key definitions (article 2)

- Waste (refers to the Waste Framework Directive)
- Operations (refers to the Waste Framework Directive)
- Environmentally Sound Management
- Non-governmental actors, e.g. producer, holder, notifier
- Governmental actors, e.g. competent authorities, customs
- Illegal shipment



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Requirements for movements of green listed waste (art. 18)

- Waste listed on annex III, IIIA or IIIB (>20 kg)
- Shipments of waste explicitly destined for laboratory analysis to assess either its physical or chemical characteristics or to determine its suitability for recovery or disposal operations (max. 25 kg)

Waste must be accompanied by Annex VII document

1. Signed by the person who arranges the shipment before the shipment takes place and shall be signed by the recovery facility or the laboratory and the consignee when the waste in question is received!
2. Contract in place.



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Prior notification and consent procedure

Key documentation:

- Notification document (annex IA)
- Movement document (annex IB)
- Additional information and documentation (annex II, part 1, 2 and 3)



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Notification process (1/2)

1. Application or Notification:

- Notification and movement documents + supporting information (such as contract, financial guarantee, insurance and recovery information) to CA of dispatch

2. Assessment

- By CA of dispatch within 3 working days after receiving the notification package
- CA of dispatch transmits notification to CAs of destination and transit (3 working days for initial check). Right to ask for additional info (annex II, part 3). Block 19
- CAs of dispatch and destination have 30 days to: agree (with -block 21 - or without conditions – block 20) or object



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Notification process (2/2)

3. Moving the waste

- Only if all written consents and financial guarantee arrangements are in place
- 3 working days notice before the actual shipment to all CAs and the receiver of the waste by completing the movement document
- Relevant documentation must accompany the waste at every stage of its journey

4. Processing the waste

- At arrival complete block 18 ('certificate of receipt')
- Send within 3 working days to the notifier and all CAs
- Max 30 days after recovery/disposal of the waste complete block 19. Copies to all CAs and notifier

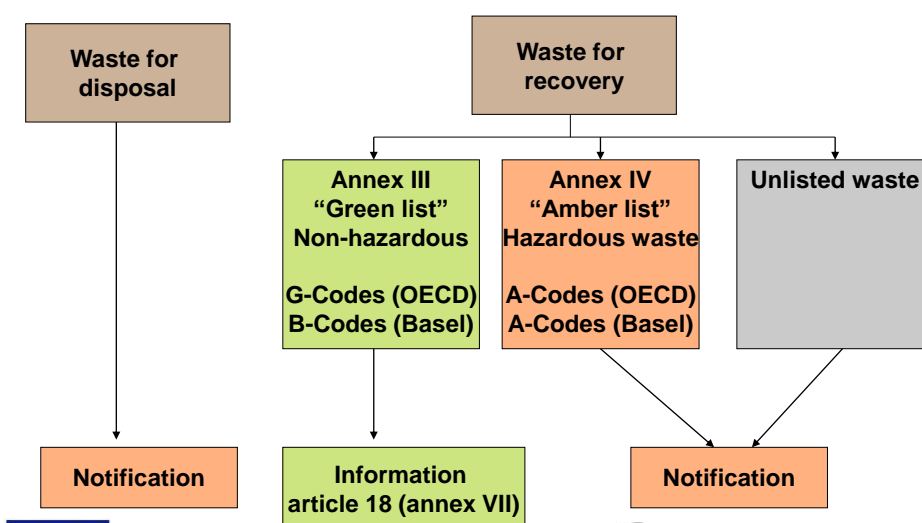


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Provisions for notifications for waste shipments between Member States

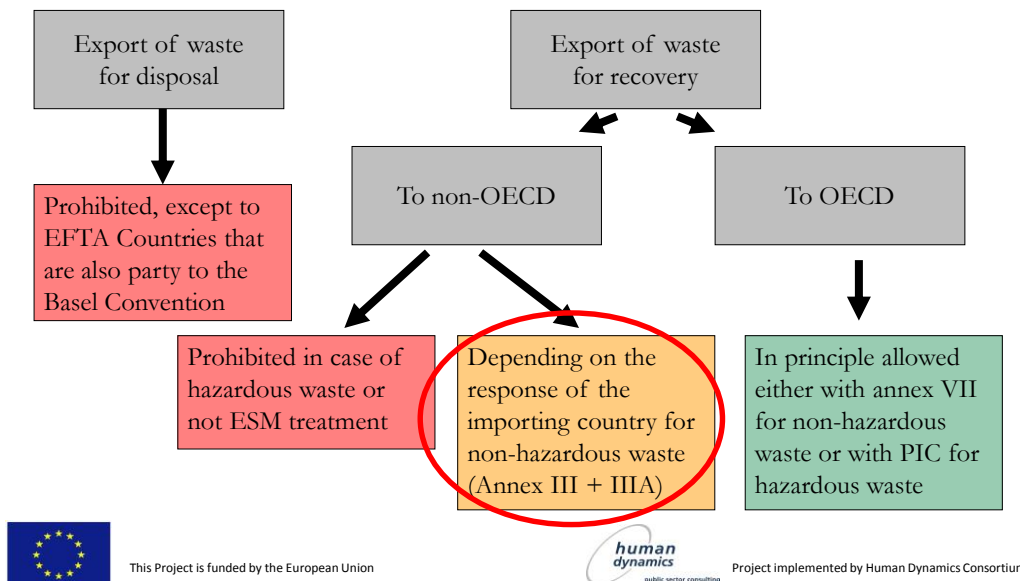


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Export of waste to third countries



Export of non-hazardous waste to non OECD countries

Commission Regulation 1418/2007

The Commission sends a [written request](#) to each non OECD country, seeking:

- (i) confirmation in writing that the waste may be exported from the Community for recovery in that country, and
- (ii) an indication as to which control procedure, if any, would be followed in the country of destination.

- (a) a prohibition; or
- (b) a procedure of prior written notification and consent; or
- (c) no control in the country of destination (***always art 18 information***), or
- (d) other control procedures in the country of destination (in this case article 18)

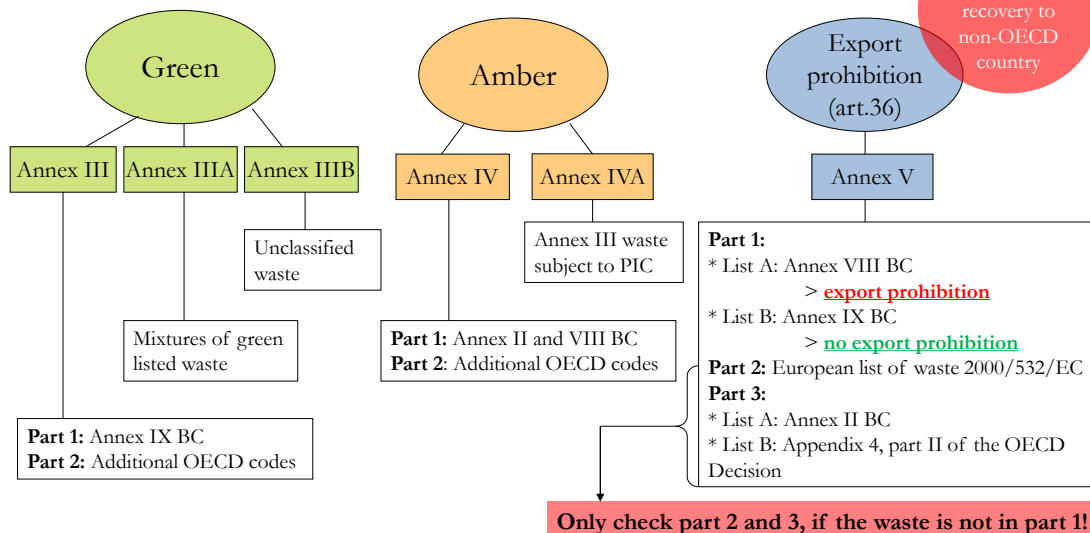


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Waste annexes to the WSR



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True or false?

**Lead acid batteries can be shipped
with a notification
from Germany to Bosnia and Herzegovina
for recovery?**



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Illegal shipment of waste (art.2(35)) WSR

- Without notification
- Without consent
- With consent obtained through falsification or misinterpretation
- Not in accordance with the accompanying papers
- Resulting in recovery or disposal in contravention to international or Community rules
- Contrary to articles 34, 36, 39, 40, 41 and 43
- Not in accordance with the requirements of article 18



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Key inspection requirements Waste Framework Directive (2/3)

Article 35 - Records

1. (...) chronological record of the quantity, nature and origin of the waste, and, where relevant, the destination, frequency of collection, mode of transport and treatment method foreseen in respect of the waste, and shall make that information available, on request, to the competent authorities.

***3 years for hazardous waste!
(for waste transport companies 12 months)***



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Key inspection requirements Waste Framework Directive (3/3)

Article 36 - Enforcement

1. Member States shall take the **necessary measures to prohibit the abandonment, dumping or uncontrolled management of waste.**
2. Member States shall lay down provisions on the penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Directive and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. **The penalties shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.**



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Waste installations under the IED Directive

Details about the frequency of inspections are laid down in Article 23(4) of Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions (“IED”) for installations to which that Directive applies.



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Questions?



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